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ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE FIRST NAMED INVENTOR CONFIRMATION NO. 10/633,726 08/04/2003 5582 Lee Weng THRSP0004-0002 20995 7590 12/15/2005 **EXAMINER** KNOBBE MARTENS OLSON & BEAR LLP MANTIS MERCADER, ELENI M 2040 MAIN STREET PAPER NUMBER **ART UNIT** FOURTEENTH FLOOR IRVINE, CA 92614 3737

DATE MAILED: 12/15/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
Office Action Summary	10/633,726	WENG ET AL.
	Examiner	Art Unit
	Eleni Mantis Mercader	3737
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).		
Status		
 Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>26 September 2005</u>. This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i>, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. 		
Disposition of Claims		
 4) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-14 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or are subject. 	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 10.	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Setion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 		
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	A) [] Intonion Com-	, (DTO 412)
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:	•

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DETAILED ACTION

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Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments filed on 9/26/2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The Applicant's argument regarding the provisional not teaching treatment of fibroids is not understood. Applicant is re-directed to the provisional provided which extensively teaches the treatment of fibroids by using ultrasound. There is support for the disclosure and hence the priority date remains the same. The Affidavit does not overcome that priority date. With respect to the secondary reference, while the reference refers to the different type of ultrasonic waves the effects of these waves are the same as pre-focal heating and focal treatment and the motivation for combining the references was clearly stated. Therefore, the rejection is maintained and made Final. The Terminal Disclaimer was entered and therefore the Double Patenting rejection has been withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 5. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Vaezy et al.'867 (US Patent No. 6,425,867).

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Vaezy et al.'867 teach a method of ultrasonically cutting off the blood supply to a uterine fibroid, comprising the following steps of:

- a) providing an ultrasonic transducer configured to emit focused high intensity ultrasound energy (see col. 16, lines 19-26; referring to use of high intensity focused ultrasound (HIFU)),
- b) pre-selecting one or more tissue treatment sites located on the uterine fibroid whereby necrosing the tissues at the one or more tissue treatment site will decrease the blood supply to the uterine fibroid (see col. 16, lines 19-20; referring to treatment of fibroid and col. 16, lines 50-58; referring to necrosing tissue at a plurality of selected locations by causing lesions to the blood vessels).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 11 and 13-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Vaezy et al.'867 in view of Chapelon et al.'526 (US Patent No. 5,601,526).

Vaezy et al.'867 teach an efficient heating method using high intensity ultrasound energy comprising the following steps:

providing an ultrasonic transducer configured to emit focused high intensity ultrasound energy (see col. 16, lines 19-26; referring to use of high intensity focused ultrasound (HIFU)); and

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determining a tissue treatment zone (an indicated in Figure 6, and col. 16, lines 50-58; there is a treatment zone of one or more 112a lesion areas).

Vaezy et al.'867 do not teach energizing the ultrasound transducer to cause pre-focal heating at the tissue treatment zone and re-energizing the ultrasound transducer to cause necrosis at the tissue treatment zone.

In the same field of endeavor, Chapelon et al.'526 teach energizing the ultrasound transducer to cause pre-focal heating at the tissue treatment zone and re-energizing the ultrasound transducer to cause necrosis at the tissue treatment zone (see col. 7, lines 17-55 and col. 10, lines 35-63; referring to pre-heating of the area of interest with thermal waves and subsequent treatment at the focal region with focal cavitation waves in order to necrose the tissue).

It would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified Vaezy et al.'867 and incorporated the teachings of Chapelon et al.'526 in the treatment of fibroids because as taught by Chapelon et al.'526 this lowers the cavitation threshold providing a more effective treatment at a localized area of interest by limiting the treatment duration and avoiding spreading of the heat (see col. 5, lines 59-65 and col. 10, lines 35-43).

8. Claims 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Vaezy et al.'867 in view of Chapelon et al.'526 as applied to claim 11 above, and further in view of Ribault et al.'639 (US Patent No. 6,488,639).

Vaezy et al.'867 in view of Chapelon et al.'526 teach all the steps as enumerated above

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except for the explicit recitation that pre-focal heating of the tissues causes temperature of the tissue to increase to about 50 degrees C.

Ribault et al.'639 teach that hyperthermia or heating of the tissues other than HIFU is performed at about 45 degrees C, which is about 50 degrees C as disclosed by the current invention (see col. 1, lines 17-30).

It would have been obvious tone skilled in the art at the time that the invention was made that the hyperthermia temperature is about 50 degrees C as expressly stated by Ribault et al.'639.

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eleni Mantis Mercader whose telephone number is (571) 272-4740. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. - Fri., &:00 a.m.-6:30 p.m..

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Casler can be reached on (571) 272-4956. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

> Eleni Mantis Mercader **Primary Examiner** Art Unit 3737

Elen Martialler

EMM